City of Creede, Colorado Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Information December 31, 2008

Table Contents

Management's Discussion and Analysis (RSI)	i
Independent Auditor's report	1
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	2
Statement Activities	3
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet- Governmental Funds	4
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Assets	5
Statement Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	6
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	7
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	9
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	
Notes to the Financial Statements.	11
Required Supplementary Information Other than MD & A	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual	
Major Governmental Funds	
General Fund	26
Capital Improvement Fund	29
Virginia G. Christensen Fund	30
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-	
Conservation Trust Fund	31
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets-Budget and Actual-	
Water and Sewer Fund	32
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets-Budget and Actual-Trash Fund	33
Local Highway Finance Report	34

CITY OF CREEDE

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2008

As management of the City of Creede (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information provided in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$ 6,414,712 (i.e. net assets) as of December 31, 2008, a decrease of \$ 534,138 in comparison to the prior year.
- Governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 4,017,009, a decrease of \$ 1,029,842 in comparison with the prior year.
- The City's fund balance for the General Fund was \$ 254,018, an increase of \$32,076 in comparison to the prior year.
- Total long-term liabilities decreased by \$ 20,150 during the 2008 fiscal year with no new liabilities.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **statement of net assets** presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Over time, the increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will result in cash flows in future periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused personal time).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*Governmental Activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*Business-type Activities*).

The Governmental Activities of the City include general government administration, public safety, public works, and culture and recreation. The Business-type Activities of the City include the following utilities: water, sewer and trash.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City's funds can be divided into two categories: governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements. The accounting method is called modified accrual accounting.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental activities in the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains three major governmental funds, which are the General, Capital Improvements and Virginia G. Christensen Trust Funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for those funds.

Proprietary Funds – The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses a separate enterprise fund to account for each of its utility funds: Water and Sewer and Trash Funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Assets

As noted previously, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. For the year ended December 31, 2008, the City's combined assets exceeded liabilities by \$ 6,414,712. Of this amount, \$ 942,148 is unrestricted and available to meet the City's ongoing financial obligations.

By far the largest portion of net assets is the investment in capital assets (net of related debt) of \$2,061,395 (32% of net assets) and the restriction for parks and recreation from the Virginia G. Christensen Trust of \$3,397,979 or (53% of net assets). The amount of \$2,061,395 reflects the investment in all capital assets (e.g. infrastructure, land, buildings, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table summarizes the City's governmental and business-type net assets for 2008 and 2007:

	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-Type	e Activities
Assets	2008	2007	2008	2007
Current and other assets	\$ 4,093,451	\$ 5,201,464	\$ 352,310	\$ 293,931
Capital assets	870,777	379,077	<u>1,271,137</u>	1,337,629
Total assets	4,964,228	5,580,541	1,623,447	1,631,560
Current liabilities	86,610	154,613	25,092	28,119
Non-current liabilities				
Loans payable			61,261	80,519
Total liabilities	86,610	154,613	86,353	108,638
Net assets				
Investment in capital asset	s			
net of related debt	870,777	379,077	1,190,618	1,236,960
Restricted	3,411,169	4,389,043		
Unrestricted	595,672	657,808	346,476	285,962
Total net assets	\$ 4,877,618	\$ 5,425,928	\$ 1,537,094	\$1,522,922

An additional portion of net assets, \$ 3,411,169, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, \$ 942,148 (15% of net assets), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Change in Net Assets

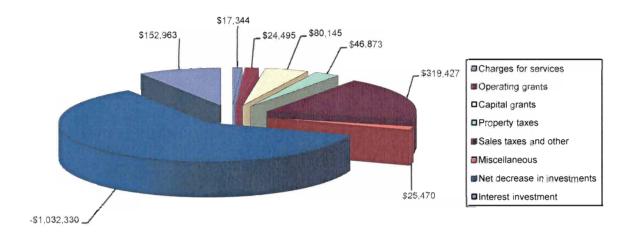
Governmental and business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$334,809 in 2008 and 2007.

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities			rities
Revenues		2008		2007		2008		2007
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	17,344	\$	29,966	\$	265,085	\$	283,879
Operating grants		24,495		42,327				
Capital grants		80,145		298,986		20,000		187,929
General revenues								
Property taxes		46,873		43,089				
Sales taxes		263,004		237,997				
Other taxes		56,423		35,033				
Interest on investment		152,963		153,842		547		686
Miscellaneous		25,470		12,514				
Net increase in investment		(1,032,330)		187,288				
Totals		(365,613)		1,041,042		285,632		472,494
Expenses							-	
General government		134,430		408,493				
Public safety		36,050		37,698				
Public works		85,244		70,166		289,803		270,643
Parks and recreation		168,057		208,312				
Total expenses		423,781		724,669		289,803		270,643
Increase in net assets		(789,394)		316,373		(4,171)		201,851
Beginnig		5,425,928		5,109,555		1,522,922		1,321,071
Prior period adjustment		241,084				18,343		
Ending	\$	4,877,618	\$	5,425,928	\$	1,537,094	\$	1,522,922

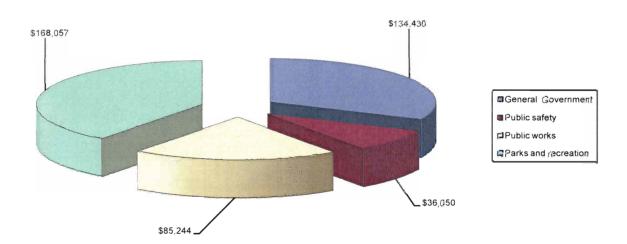
Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$ 548,310.

Governmental Activities revenues for 2008



Governmental Activities expenses for 2008



Business-type Activities

Business-type activities for the year resulted in an increase in net assets of \$ 14,172. Charges for services accounted for 53% of total revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of 2008, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,017,009, a decrease of \$1,029,842 in comparison with the prior year. Of the combined ending fund balances for all governmental funds 15% of this total amount, \$605,840, constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for appropriation at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is already committed to meet a State constitution mandated emergency reserve of \$13,190 and reserved for parks and recreation of \$3,397,979.

The City has a General Fund, which is the primary operating fund for the Town. At the end of 2008, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$ 240,828. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$ 32,076 during 2008.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City has two enterprise funds: Water and Sewer and Trash Funds. At the end of 2008, these funds represented the following net asset amounts:

Fund:	Water and Sewer	Trash
Unrestricted net assets	279,476	67,000
Total net assets	1,470,094	67,000
Increase in net assets	8,190	5,982

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City budgeted \$ 306,530 for 2008 expenditures. Actual expenditures were \$400,389. There was a supplement to the original budget for General Fund.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2008, was \$ 2,141,914, an increase of \$ 173,956 from the prior year. As required for this year by GASB 34, the investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, building improvements, and equipment.

	Reinstated			
	Balance		- 1	Balance
Governmental Activities	12/31/2007	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2008
Capital assets not being depreciated	A 400 000		•	Å 100.000
Land	\$ 109,898	\$	\$	\$ 109,898
Total capital assets not being depreciated	109,898	-		109,898
Capital assets being depreciated				
Building and improvements	603,391	81,839		685,230
Equipment	58,100			58,100
Vehicles	41,624			41,624
Infrastructure		173,176		173,176
Total capital assets being depreciated	703,115	255,015		958,130
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	86,860	12,906		99,766
Equipment	54,200	1,300		55,500
Vehicles	41,624	1,500		41,624
Infrastructure	41,024	361		361
Total accumulated depreciation	182,684	14,567		197,251
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	520,431	240,448		760,879
rotal depited assets being depicedated, her	320, 131	2 (0) 1 (0		
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, net	\$ 630,329	\$ 240,448	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 870,777
	Reinstated			
	Balance			Balance
Business-type acitivities	12/31/2007	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2008_
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	32,457			32,457
Construction in progress	8,453			8,453
Total capital assets not being depreciated	40,910			40,910
Capital assets being depreciated				
Utility plant	2,408,724			2,408,724
Equipment	123,671			123,671
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,532,395			2,532,395
Less accumulated depreciation	1,235,676	66,492		1,302,168
Total accumulated depreciation	1,235,676	66,492		1,302,168
Business-type activities	1,233,070			1,502,100
Capital assets, net	1,337,629	(66,492)	-	1,271,137

Long-term Debt

As of December 31, 2008, the City had long-term debt as follows:

	Balance January 1,			_	Balance ember 31,	Dı	ue within
Enterprise	2008	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions		2008	0	ne year
Activities							
Loan payable	\$ 35,000	\$	\$ 18,000	\$	17,000	\$	17,000
Loan payable to EIA	<u>65,669</u>		2,150		63,519		2,258
Total	\$ 100,669	\$200,000	\$ 20,150	\$	161,823	\$	19,258

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Factors Baring on the City's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the City was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

- The need to update our wastewater plant. This need arises not only from growth in our community, but also new regulations of the State.
- The need to update the City's main water lines beneath our paved streets. The
 majority of the City's main water lines are not up to standard when it comes to
 providing the flows necessary for the fire department.
- The need to repave the City's streets. The City's paved streets have been
 patched throughout their thirty year life. Because the water lines run below them,
 repaving has been put off until the water lines are replaced.
- The need to repair the fifty-five year old flume running through town to control the flood water of Willow Creek.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the City's citizens, taxpayers and customers with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Manager's Office, City Hall, 2223 Main Street, Creede, CO 81130.

Basic Financial Statements



Independent Auditor's Report

June 26 2009

Mayor and City Council City of Creede, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Creede, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the City 's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City's, management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the City of Creede, Colorado, as of December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's discussion, analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i through viii and 26 and 30 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Creed's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, proprietary fund budget to actual and the Local Highway Financial Report are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of these basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, proprietary fund budget to actual and the Local Highway Financial Report and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Blair and Associates, P.C.



City of Creede, Colorado Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2008

	Primary G		
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 530,472	\$ 223,955	\$ 754,427
Restricted Cash and Investments	3,436,819	100,740	3,537,559
Property Taxes Receivable	52,498	-	52,498
Accounts Receivable	35,792	27,196	62,988
Due from Other Governments	37,870	-	37,870
Other Assets	-	419	419
Total Current Assets	4,093,451	352,310	4,445,761
Capital Assets			
Land	109,898	32,457	142,355
Construction in Progress	· -	8,453	8,453
Utility Plant	_	2,408,724	2,408,724
Buildings and Improvements	685,230	_, · - - , · - ·	685,230
Machinery and Equipment	58,100	123,671	181,771
Vehicles	41,624	.20,01	41,624
Infrastructure	173,176	-	173,176
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Depletion	(197,251)	(1,302,168)	(1,499,419)
Total Capital Assets	870,777	1,271,137	2,141,914
Total Capital Assets			2,141,314
TOTAL ASSETS	4,964,228	1,623,447	6,587,675
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	20,970	4,189	25,159
Payroll Taxes Payable	2,974	-	2,974
Deferred Tax Revenue	52,498	-	52,498
Compensated Absences	10,168	-	10,168
Deferred Revenue	-	1,645	1,645
Note Payable	-	2,258	2,258
Revenue Bonds Payable	-	17,000	17,000
Total Current Liabilities	86,610	25,092	111,702
Long-term Liabilities			
Note Payable	-	61,261	61,261
Revenue Bonds Payable	-	-	-
Total Long-term Liabilities	-	61,261	61,261
TOTAL LIABILITIES	86,610	86,353	172,963
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of related Debt	870,777	1,190,618	2,061,395
Restricted for:	·		
Parks and Recreation Facilities	3,397,979	-	3,397,979
TABOR	13,190	-	13,190
Unrestricted	595,672	346,476	942,148
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 4,877,618	\$ 1,537,094	\$ 6,414,712

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Program Revenues						
		С	HARGES	OP	ERATING	C	APITAL	
		FOR SERVICES		GF	RANTS &	GRANTS &		
Functions/Programs	EXPENSES			CONTRIBUTIONS		CONT	TRIBUTIONS	
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 134,430	\$	13,738	\$	-	\$	80,145	
Public Safety	36,050		225		_		_	
Public Works	85,244		-		20,180		-	
Culture and Recreation	168,057		3,381		4,315		-	
Total Governmental Activities	423,781		17,344		24,495		80,145	
Business-Type Activities								
Water and Sewer	249,703		223,287		-		20,000	
Trash	40,100		41,798					
Total Business-Type Activities	289,803		265,085		<u>-</u>		20,000	
Total Primary Government	\$ 713,584	\$_	282,429	\$	24,495	\$	100,145	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

General Property Taxes-Net

Sales Taxes

Other Taxes

Interest on Investments

Miscellaneous

Net Increase in Investment

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning Prior Period Adjustment

Net Assets - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Primary Government

Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities	TOTAL
\$ (40,547)	\$ -	\$ (40,547)
(35,825)	-	(35,825)
(65,064)	-	(65,064)
(160,361)		(160,361)
(301,797)		(301,797)
_	(6,416)	(6,416)
-	1,698	1,698
	(4,718)	(4,718)
(301,797)	(4,718)	(306,515)
46,873	-	46,873
263,004	-	263,004
56,423	-	56,423
152,963	547	153,510
25,470	-	25,470
(1,032,330)		(1,032,330)
<u>(487,597)</u>	547	(487,050)
(789,394)	(4,171)	(793,565)
5,425,928	1,522,922	6,948,850
241,084	18,343	259,427
\$ 4,877,618	\$ 1,537,094	\$ 6,414,712

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2008

ASSETS	ENERAL FUND	_	APITAL OVEMENTS FUND	IRGINIA G. RISTENSEN TRUST
Cash and Investments	\$ 173,333	\$	352,581	\$ -
Restricted Cash and Investments	38,840		-	3,397,979
Accounts Receivable	35,792		-	-
Property Taxes Receivable	52,498		-	-
Due from Other Governments	29,997		7,873	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 330,460	\$	360,454	\$ 3,397,979
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 20,970	\$	-	\$ -
Payroll Taxes Payable	2,974		-	-
Deferred Revenue-Property Taxes	52,498			-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 76,442			 -
FUND BALANCE				
Reserved				
Reserved for Parks and Recreation Facilities	-		-	3,397,979
Tabor Reserve	13,190		-	-
Unreserved				
General Fund	240,828		-	-
Special Revenue Funds			360,454	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	254,018		360,454	3,397,979
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 330,460	\$	360,454	\$ 3,397,979

	MAJOR	TOTAL			
		GOVERNMENTAL			
	NDS		FUNDS		
\$	4,558	\$	530,472		
	-		3,436,819		
	-		35,792		
	-		52,498		
			37,870		
\$	4,558	\$	4,093,451		
\$		\$	20.070		
Φ	-	Ф	20,970		
	-		2,974		
			52,498		
			76,442		
	-		3,397,979		
	-		13,190		
	-		240,828		
	4,558		365,012		
	4,558		4,017,009		
\$	4,558	\$	4,093,451		

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2008

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 4,017,009
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 870,777
Compensated Absences	 (10,168)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 4,877,618

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year ended December 31, 2008

REVENUES	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND	VIRGINIA G. CHRISTENSEN TRUST
Taxes	\$ 285,213	\$ 79,833	\$ -
Licenses and Permits	13,738	-	-
Intergovernmental Revenue	99,134	2,445	-
Fines and Forfeits	225	-	-
Interest Income	5,304	6,613	141,013
Net Increase In Investment	-	-	(1,032,330)
Other Revenue	28,851	<u> </u>	
TOTAL REVENUES	432,465	88,891	(891,317)
EXPENDITURES			
General Government	213,144	-	-
Public Safety	36,050	-	-
Public Works	83,038	-	-
Culture and Recreation	68,157	_	74,624
Capital Outlay	-	185,237	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	400,389	185,237	74,624
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditure:	32,076	(96,346)	(965,941)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers from Other Funds	-	41,000	-
Transfers to Other Funds	_	-	(41,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES		41,000	(41,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
expenditures and other sources (uses)	32,076	(55,346)	(1,006,941)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	221,942	415,800	4,404,920
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 254,018	\$ 360,454	\$ 3,397,979

NONMAJOR		TOTAL
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	GOV	ERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$ -	\$	365,046
•		13,738
4,315		105,894
-		225
33		152,963
-		(1,032,330)
		28,851
4,348		(365,613)
-		213,144
-		36,050
-		83,038
3,979		146,760
		185,237
3,979		664,229
369		(1,029,842)
-		41,000
-		(41,000)
		-
369		(1,029,842)
4,189		5,046,851
\$ 4,558	\$	4,017,009

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended December 31, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (1,029,842)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Capital Outlay	255,015
Depreciation expense	 (14,567)

(789,394)

Change in net assets of governmental funds

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2008

	WATER			
	SEW	ER	TRASH	
	FUN	D	FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash	\$ 15	9,468 \$	64,487	223,955
Restricted Cash and Investments	10	0,740	-	100,740
Accounts Receivable	2	1,213	5,983	27,196
Prepaid Bond Costs		419	_	419
Total Current Assets	28	1,840	70,470	352,310
Capital Assets				
Land	3:	2,457	-	32,457
Construction in Progress		8,453	_	8,453
Utility Plant	2,40	8,724	-	2,408,724
Machinery and Equipment	12	3,015	656	123,671
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,30	1,512)	(656)	(1,302,168)
Total Capital Assets		1,137	-	1,271,137
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,55	2,977 \$	70,470	1,623,447
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		1,081	3,108	4,189
Deferred Revenue		1,283	362	1,645
Revenue Bonds Payable	1	7,000	_	17,000
Note Payable		2,258	-	2,258
Total Current Liabilities		1,622	3,470	25,092
Long-Term Liabilities				
Revenue Bonds Payable		-	_	-
Notes Payable	6	1,261	-	61,261
Total Long-Term Liabilities		1,261	-	61,261
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8	2,883_	3,470	86,353
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	1,19	0,618	-	1,190,618
Unrestricted	·	9,476	67,000	346,476
TOTAL NET ASSETS		0,094	67,000	1,537,094

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		ATER AND WER FUND		TRASH FUND	TOTAL		
OPERATING REVENUES			-				
Charges for services	\$	223,287	\$	41,798	\$	265,085	
Total Operating Revenues		223,287		41,798		265,085	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel Services		80,207		1,940		82,147	
Garbage Collections		00,207		38,160		38,160	
Materials and Supplies		13,803		30,100		13,803	
		3,540		-		3,540	
Testing Fees Professional Services		18,058		-		3,5 4 0 18,058	
		2,851		-		2,851	
Repairs Utilities		40,742		-		40,742	
		40,742 3,958		-		•	
Insurance		•		-		3,958	
Depreciation Expense		66,492		-		66,492	
Amortization Expense		122		-		122	
Capital Improvements		8,987		-		8,987	
Other Expense		5,910		- 10.100		5,910	
Total Operating Expenses		244,670		40,100		284,770	
Operating income (loss)		(21,383)		1,698		(19,685)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest Income		547		-		547	
Interest Expense		(5,033)		-		(5,033)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(4,486)				(4,486)	
Income Before Other Revenue		(25,869)		1,698		(24,171)	
Capital Contributions (Water and Sewer Taps)		20,000				20,000	
Changes in Net Assets		(5,869)		1,698		(4,171)	
Net Assets at beginning of year		1,461,904		61,018		1,522,922	
Prior Period Adjustment		14,059		4,284		18,343	
,		,		-,=		,	
Net assets at end of year	\$	1,470,094	\$	67,000	<u>\$</u>	1,537,094	

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2008

Teal Elided Decelli	WATER AND		Т	TRASH		
	SEW	VER FUND	FUND			TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	220,587	\$	41,037	\$	261,624
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(98,724)		(38,088)		(136,812)
Cash Payments to Employees		(62,638)		(1,521)		(64,159)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits and Taxes		(17,569)		(419)		(17,988)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVIT	1	41,656		1,009		42,665
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		00.000				
Capital Contributions		20,000		-		20,000
Interest Paid on Notes and Bonds		(5,033)		-		(5,033)
Principal Paid on Notes and Bonds		(20,150)				(20,150)
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(5,183)		-		(5,183)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest income		547		-		547
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		547		-	_	547
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUI	·	37,020		1,009		38,029
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YE	<u> </u>	223,188		63,478		286,666
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	260,208	\$	64,487	\$	324,695
Operating Income	\$	(21,383)	\$	1,698		(19,685)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to						
Net Cash Proved by Operating Activities:						
Prior Period Adjustment		14,059		4,284		18,343
Depreciation		66,492		-		66,492
Amortization		122		-		122
Decrease (Increase) in:						
Accounts Receivable		(15,988)		(4,484)		(20,472)
Increase (Decrease) in:						
increase (Decrease) in.						
Accounts Payable		(875)		72		(803)
•	\$	(875) (771) 41,656	-\$	72 (561) 1,009	-\$	(803) (1,332) 42,665

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Creede, Colorado, was incorporated on June 13, 1892, under an act entitled "An Act in Relation to Municipal Corporations" passed by the First General Assembly on April 4, 1877. The City operates under a Town council form of government and provides the following services: public safety, highway and street maintenance, culture and recreation, debt service and general government activities, including financial administration, planning and zoning and municipal court services. A Board of Trustees elected by eligible voters of the City governs the City of Creede. The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City of Creede, a primary government. Based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, the City has no component units.

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double reporting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including taxes levied by the City, are presented as general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer Fund and Trash Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognize as operating revenue the portion of the tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting - continued

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and propriety – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The City does not have *fiduciary* fund types.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the City's general operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund is used for the aggregation of monies for future capital purchases. Sources of revenue are derived from transfers from other funds and construction use taxes designated for capital improvements.

Virginia G. Christensen Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for revenue earned from the trust and the expenditures are to be used for parks and recreation facilities.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund - This fund accounts for user charges and expenses for operating, financing and maintaining the City's water, sewer and sanitation systems.

Trash Fund -This fund accounts for user charges and expenses for operating, financing and maintaining trash services for the City.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements - The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchanges, include sales taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenues from sales taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are collected by vendors. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting-continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Sales, taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liabilities in incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues or operating funds transfers. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues or operating fund transfers.

All governmental and business-type activities and enterprise funds of the City follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Deposits and investments - The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled for the purpose of increasing earning through investment activities. The pool's investments are reported at fair value at December 31, 2008, based on market prices. The individual funds' portions of the pool's fair value are presented as cash and cash equivalents or certificates of deposit. Earning on the pooled funds are apportioned and paid or credited to the funds monthly based on the average monthly balance of each participating fund. Negative balances incurred in pooled cash at year-end are treated as interfund receivables of the General Fund and interfund payables of the deficit fund.

Cash and cash equivalents - The City considers all cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term highly liquid investments with an original maturing of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Property taxes - Property taxes are levied on December 22 and attach as a lien on property the following January 1. They are payable in full by April 30 or in two equal installments due February 28 and June 15. Property taxes levied in the current year and collected in the following year are reported as a receivable at December 31.

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- continued

Assets, Liabilities and Equity - continued

Inventory – Water and Sewer Fund supply inventory is valued at cost. Supplies purchased in the General Fund consist of expendable items held for consumption. The cost is recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are purchased.

Capital assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of at least \$ 5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets are reported at estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Enterprise Fund construction costs are increased by interest incurred on bonds during the construction period and reduced by earnings from investment of any unexpended bond proceeds.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of such assets. Capital assets acquired by capital lease are depreciated over the estimated useful lives and are included in depreciation expense in the appropriate fund. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 15-40 years
Equipment 5-7 years
Vehicles 5 years
Infrastructure 20-25 years

GASB No. 34 requires the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe, (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the City. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements.

Long term debt - In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond discounts, issuance costs, and deferred amounts on refunding associated with issuing bonds of proprietary-type funds or bonds issued or refunded after December 31, 2003 for governmental activities are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond issues.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance's are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance's are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Assets, Liabilities and Equity - continued

Compensated Absences – City employees receive vacation per year depending on employee classification. Salary employees can accumulate up to 10 days per year for the first 5 years of service, 15 days per year for 5-10 years of service and 20 days per year for 10 years of service or more. Full time hourly employees can accumulate up to 5 days after the first year of service and up to 10 days per year for 2 years of services or more. Part time hourly employees can accumulate up to 2 ½ days after the first year of service and up to 5 days per year for 2 years of service or more. Accumulated vacation is not currently limited by the City. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if amounts are actually due to employees as a result of termination and or retirement. The amount not current is reported in the Government Wide and Proprietary Fund statements consist of unpaid accumulated annual leave balances.

Fund equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Deferred Revenue – Revenues on grants, which are restricted by the grant document for specific purposes, are recognized as revenue only after eligible grant costs have been incurred. Grant funds received in excess of grant expenditures are recorded as deferred revenues.

Encumbrances – The City does not record purchase orders in the accounting system until invoices are ready for payment. Unfulfilled purchase commitments outstanding at the end of the budget year are rebudgeted in the succeeding year. End of the year fund balance intended to be used in the succeeding year is reported as designated fund balance.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgets and Budgetary accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing budgets:

- a. Budgets are required by state law for all governmental and proprietary funds.
- b. During October the proposed budget is submitted to the City Board for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1.
- c. Prior to December 31, the budget is adopted and appropriations are authorized by ordinance at the fund level for all funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the individual fund level for all funds.

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Budgets and Budgetary accounting - continued

- d. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the City. The governmental funds and expendable trust funds budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The proprietary funds budgets are adopted using the same accounting methods as governmental fund types; this procedure follows Colorado State Statute, but is not in accordance with GAAP.
- e. Appropriations lapse at the end of each year, and the City Board may adopt supplemental appropriations during the year. The City Board may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the City's administrator or the revenue estimates must be changed by the City Board when adopting supplemental appropriations. The City did a supplemental appropriation in 2008.
- f. The City could be in violation of Colorado Budget Law because actual expenditures exceed budgetary amounts in the General Fund, Virginia G. Christensen Fund, Water and Sewer Fund and the Trash Fund.

Note B - Cash, Deposits and Investments

Colorado State Statutes govern the City's deposits of cash. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance (FDIC) on deposits held.

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized in accordance with the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. All deposits in 2008 were in eligible public depositories, as defined by the Public Deposit Protection Act of 1989.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of year-end \$ 584,705 of the City's bank balance of \$ 834,705 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Deposits exposed to credit risk are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution through PDPA.

Note B - Cash, Deposits and Investments- continued

Investments

The City's investments are subject to interest rate, credit risk and concentration of credit risk. The types of investments which are authorized to be made with City funds are controlled by state statute and the investment policies of the City. Colorado statutes and the City's investment policies specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which the City may invest:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Corporate or bank debt issued by eligible corporations or banks

Credit Risk – As of December 31, 2008, the local government investment pools, (ColoTrust) in which the City had invested, were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

The City of Creede received 20% of the Virginia G. Christensen Trust Estate in 1997. According to the trust agreement the trust income is to be distributed to the City at least annually. The trust principal may also be distributed to the City at the discretion of the trustee, but is to be used only for park or recreational facilities. JP Morgan Chase Trust Department in Boulder, Colorado is serving as the trustee. The Trust is accounted for as a special revenue fund in the City's financial statements.

The Virginia Christensen Trust Fund's investment policy calls for investment diversification within the portfolio to avoid unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions or maturities.

Five of the Virginia Christensen Trust Fund's investments are exposed to the following foreign currency risk:

Fair Market Value

i ali iviai nel value
December 31, 2008
\$ 37,703
\$ 30,904
\$ 132,254
\$ 65,759
\$ 29,901
\$ 81,074

Note B - Cash, Deposits and Investments- continued

These funds are highly diversified, which minimize the impact any on currency could have on the overall investments. Ratings from Moody's or Standard and Poor's are not available for these products. The Virginia Christensen Trust Fund is also exposed to possible interest rate risk form 10 fixed income investments. These funds hold several types of fixed income no concentrations of any one user.

Investment Type			Fair <u>Value</u>	Up to	Credit <u>Risk</u>
Bond Funds	100%	\$	3,251,078	\$ 3,251,078	N/R
Cash on hand and in banks Money market funds ColoTrust	\$ 391,515 	\$	443,190		N/R
Cash and investments in custody Total deposits and investment		\$ 4	493,670 4,187,938		

The carrying amounts of deposits and investments are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as:

Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	530,472
Restricted cash and investments	(3,436,819
Total	\$ 3	3.967.291

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado Revised Statutes and the City's investment policy limit investment maturities to five years or less from the date of purchase. This limit on investment maturities is a means of limiting exposure to fair values arising from increasing interest rates.

The Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust), is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado pursuant to Part 7 of Article 75 of Title 24 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. ColoTrust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$ 1.00. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned by the pool are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the pool. Investments of the pool consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury Notes.

Note C – Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2008 were as follows:

	Transfer Out	<u>Transfer In</u>			
Capital Improvement Fund	\$	\$ 41,000			
Virginia Christensen Fund	<u>41,000</u>				
Total	\$ 41,000	\$ 41,000			

This transfer from the Virginia Christensen Fund to the Capital Improvements Fund was for the City's use for recreational purposes.

Note D - Prepaid Bond Costs

Bond issuance cost on the series 1971 Joint Water and Sewer Revenue Bond amount to \$2,776.75. The issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the bonds.

Note E - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2008, was as follows:

	R	einstated						
	Balance						E	Balance
	•	12/31/07	Additions		Dele	etions	12/31/08	
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	109,898	\$	_	\$	-	\$	109,898
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	109,898		-				109,898
Capital assets being depreciated								
Building and improvements		603,391		81,839		-		685,230
Equipment		58,100		-		-		58,100
Vehicles		41,624		-		-		41,624
Infrastructure		-		173,176		-		173,176
Total capital assets being depreciated		703,115		255,015				958,130
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Building and improvements		86,860		12,906		-		99,766
Equipment		54,200		1,300		-		55,500
Vehicles		41,624		-		-		41,624
Infrastructure		-		361		-		361
Total accumulated depreciaton		182,684		14,567		-		197,251
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		520,431		240,448		-		760,879
Govenmental activities								
Capital assets, net	\$	630,329	\$	240,448	\$		\$	870,777

Note E – Capital Assets-continued

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2008, was as follows:

	Reinstated Balance 12/31/07		A	dditions	ditions Deletions			Balance 2/31/08
Business-type activities								_
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	32,457	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,457
Construction in progress		8,453						8,453
Total capital assets not being depreciated		40,910				<u> </u>		40,910
Capital assets being depreciated								
Utility plant	2	2,408,724		-		-	2	2,408,724
Equipment		123,671						123,671
Total Capital assets being depreciated		2,532,395				-		2,532,395
Less accumulated depreciation for:		1,235,676		66,492			1	1,302,168
Total accumulated depreciation		1,235,676		66,492		-	1	1,302,168
Business-type activities								
Capital assets, net	\$	1,337,629	\$	(66,492)	<u>\$</u>		\$ 1	1,271,137

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 3,125
Public works	2,206
Culture and recreation	9,236
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 14,567
Business-type activities:	
Water services	\$ 43,444
Sewer services	23,048
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 66,492

Note F – Long-term Debt

Changes in long-term debt

	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance	Due Within
	12/31/07	Additions	Deletions	12/31/08	One Year
Business-type activities: Joint water and sewer	12/31/07	7.0010113	Beletions	12/32/00	<u> </u>
Revenue bond - 1971	\$ 35,000	\$	\$ 18,000	\$ 17,000	\$ 17,000
Note payable	65,669		2,150	63,519	2,258
Business-type activities					
long-term debt	\$ 100,669	\$	\$ 20,150	\$ 80,519	\$ 19,258

Business-type activities:

Revenue Bonds –The City of Creede, Colorado on October 8, 1971, issued to the United States Department of Agriculture Farmers Home Administration, a 5%, \$ 355,000 Joint Water and Sewer Revenue Bond Payable solely out of net income and revenue derived by the City from the operation of the municipal water and sewer system The bond is secured by an irrevocable first lien on the net revenue of the fund. The bond ordinance requires that a reserve account in the amount of \$ 22,600 be established to prevent defaults in the payment of interest and principal of bonds issued. Principal payments in varying amounts through 2010 are made annually on January 1 with interest at 5%. The payment due January 1, 2009 was made by the City in December of 2008

The bond ordinance for the series 1971 bonds require:

"The board of trustees of the City covenants that it will establish, maintain and enforce rates and charges for services rendered by the joint system to create income and revenue each year sufficient to pay maintenance and operation expense of the joint system and to cover 1.25 times the annual interest principal requirements of the bonds authorized herein."

These requirements were met for the year ended December 31, 2008.

The annual debt service for the revenue bonds is as follows:

Year Ended			Total Yearly
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Requirements
2010	\$ 17,000	<u>\$ 813</u>	\$ 17, <u>813</u>

Note F – Long-term Debt-continued

Note Payable – Note payable to the State of Colorado Department of Local Affairs as a part of the Energy and Mineral Impact Grant for the Creede Water Line Replacement Project, payable in annual payments of \$5,434, including interest at 5%. The final payment is due in 2026.

Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2009	\$ 2,258	\$ 3,176	\$ 5,434
2010	2,371	3,063	5,434
2011	2,489	2,945	5,434
2012	2,614	2,820	5,434
2013	2,744	2,690	5,434
2014-2018	15,923	11,246	27,169
2019-2023	20,322	6,847	27,169
2024-2026	<u> 14,798</u>	<u>1,504</u>	<u> 16,302</u>
Total	<u>\$ 63,519</u>	<u>\$ 34,291</u>	<u>\$ 97,810</u>

Note G - Pension Plans

The City of Creede participates in a pension plan offered by the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association, with Denver U.S. National Bank as trustee. The plan is a defined contribution plan and the City has no liability other than to make the required monthly contributions. All individuals employed by the City on a full-time basis are eligible for the plan. The financial report can be obtained by writing to the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association, 4949 S Syracuse St., Ste. 430, Denver, Co 80237 or by calling 1-303-713-9400.

The City agrees to contribute a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 6% of the compensation of each employee. Currently, the City contributes 3%. Each participant contributes an amount equal to the City's contribution. Participants may contribute an extra voluntary amount not to exceed 10% of their compensation.

The plan provides for various methods of withholding money and vesting schedules. Upon retirement, an annuity is purchased for the participant. The City is not involved in making pension payments and is only liable for their monthly contribution. The authorization for and the basic requirements of the plan are described in section 24-51-901 through 24-51-911 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (1973).

The City's current year covered payroll was \$128,317. The total City payroll for this period was \$167,706. Four employees were enrolled in the plan at year end.

Contributions:

Employer contributions to plan	\$ 3,849
Employee contributions to plan	3,849
Total contributions	\$ 7,698

Note H – Restricted Assets

In accordance with the contract with the Deep Creek Water and Sanitation District cash in the amount of \$ 33,263 has been restricted for a sewer treatment facility expansion. See Note I. In accordance with bond covenants, cash in the amount of \$ 23,469 has been restricted for the bond cash reserve. See Note F.

Cash in the amount of \$ 146,901 and investments in the amount of \$ 3,251,078 are restricted by the Virginia G. Christensen Trust agreement. According to the agreement the funds are to be used for parks and recreation projects and facilities.

Cash in the amount of \$38,840 and \$30,000 is restricted per the pre-annexation agreement with The Creede America Group, LLC in the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund respectively.

Note I - Deep Creek Water and Sanitation District

In 1990, the City signed a contract with the Deep Creek Water and Sanitation District which allows the District to connect to the City's sewage treatment and disposal system. The District pays a monthly user fee for the services, and is required to pay a one-time connection fee of 400 per user. The contract state that the Deep Creek user connection fees will be placed into a separate fund to be used only for sewer treatment facility expansion. User connection fees of \$ 33,263, are recorded as restricted cash at December 31, 2008.

Note J –Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions' injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by participation in the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency and the City continues to carry commercial insurance for employee health and life insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the current year or any of the prior three years.

Risk Pool – The City participates in the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency, (CIRSA). The public entity risk pool does not meet criteria for inclusion within the reporting entity because CIRSA is:

- Financially independent and responsible for its own financing deficits and entitled to its own surpluses,
- Has a separate governing board from that of the City.
- Has a separate management, which is responsible for day to day operations and is accountable to a separate governing board,
- The governing board and management have the ability to significantly influence operations by approving budgetary requests and adjustments, signing contracts, hiring personnel, exercising control over facilities and determining the outcome or disposition of matters affecting the recipients of service provided, and
- Has absolute authority over all funds and fiscal responsibility including budgetary responsibility and reporting to state agencies and controls.

Note J -Risk Management - continued

The purpose of the risk pool is to provide members the coverage's authorized by law, through joint self-insurance, insurance, reinsurance or any combination thereof, to provide claims services related to such coverage's and to provide risk management and loss control services to assist members in preventing and reducing losses and injuries.

Note K - Segment Information

The City of Creede, Colorado, provides water, sewer and trash service for City residents. The City has two enterprise funds to account for these activities. The following segment information is provided:

	Water	Sewer	Trash	Total
Operating revenue	\$ 159,665	\$ 63,622	\$ 41,798	\$ 265,085
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	\$ 43,448	\$ 23,048	\$	\$ 66,492
Operating income (loss)	\$ (13,791)	\$ (7,592)	\$ 1,698	\$ (19,685)
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,723	\$ (7,592)	\$ 1,698	\$ (4,171)

Because water and sewer services are provided for in one fund, several items cannot be allocated between water and sewer. Therefore, some line items have been omitted in the segment information.

Note L – Tabor Emergency Reserve

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities and other specific requirements of state and local compliance with the requirements of the amendment.

Fiscal year spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior years' spending adjusted for inflation and local growth. Revenue in excess of the limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

The amendment also requires that emergency reserves be established. These reserves must be at least 3%. This emergency reserve has been presented as a reservation of fund balance in the General Fund. The entity is not allowed to use emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls or salary or benefit increases.

The voters of the City passed a ballot issue in 1996 that allowed the retention of excess revenues as defined by the Tabor Amendment.

Note M – Commitments and Contingencies

Grant Programs – The City participates in a number of federal and state grand programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

Insurance Pools – The City is a member of the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency, (CIRSA), and the Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool, (CWCP). CIRSA and CWCP have a legal obligation for claims against its members to the extent that funds are available in their annually established loss funds and amounts are available from insurance providers under excess specific and aggregate insurance contracts. Losses incurred in excess of loss funds are direct liabilities of the participating members in proportion to their contributions in the year such excess occurs, although, they are not legally required to do so. The ultimate liability to the City's resulting from claims not covered by CIRSA and CWCP is not presently determinable. have been funded in the Road Fund.

Note N - Prior Period Adjustments

The following prior period adjustments were made to the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Statement of Activities:

Governmental Activities

Visitors Center Improvements	\$ 251,252
Compensated Absences	(10,168)
Total	\$ 241,084

Business Type Activities:

Accounts Receivables customers \$ 18,343



CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GERNERAL FUND

For the year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budge	eted		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual		
Taxes					
General Property Taxes (Net)	42,000	46,000	46,873	873	
Specific Ownership Tax	8,000	6,000	6,621	621	
Delinquent Tax	100	100	4	(96)	
Delinquent Interest	-	-	225	225	
Sales Tax	170,000	170,000	183,171	13,171	
Building Use Tax	20,000	15,000	40,295	25,295	
Franchise Tax	7,000	7,700	8,024	324	
Total Taxes	247,100	244,800	285,213	40,413	
Licenses and Permits					
Business Licenses and Permits	13,500	12,500	13,738	1,238	
Non-Business Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	
Total Licenses and Permits	13,500	12,500	13,738	1,238	
Intergovernmental Revenue					
Department of Local Affairs Grant	-	125,000	77,700	(47,300)	
Highway Users Tax	19,000	18,000	17,641	(359)	
Additional Motor Vehicle Fees	2,700	2,100	2,539	439	
Cigarette Tax	1,400	1,100	1,190	90	
Motor Vehicle Sales Tax	100_	100	64	(36)	
Total Intergovernmental Reveni	23,200	146,300	99,134	(47,166)	
Fines and Forfeits					
Court Fines	500	200	225	25	
Total Fines and Forfeits	500	200	225	25	
Interest Income	6,500	4,500_	5,304	804	
Other Revenue					
Donations	23,000	9,045	7,343	(1,702)	
Program Fees	10,000	9,303	3,381	(5,922)	
Miscellaneous	20,000	14,000	15,777	1,777	
Refunds of Expenditures	1,500_	2,000	2,350	350	
Total Other Revenue	54,500	34,348	28,851	(5,497)	
TOTAL REVENUES	345,300	442,648	432,465	(10,183)	

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgete	ed		Variance Favorable	
EXPENDITURES	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
General Government			-		
Salaries	34,677	34,680	34,679	1	
Fringe Benefits	10,994	10,332	10,366	(34)	
Professional Services	30,000	38,000	40,999	(2,999)	
Operating Supplies	4,000	3,000	2,223	777	
Travel and Transportation	7,000	5,000	4,316	684	
Dues and Meetings	3,000	1,350	1,479	(129)	
Insurance and Bonds	6,000	5,000	4,472	528	
Printing and Advertising	3,000	1,500	2,187	(687)	
Building and Plant	-	-	1,164	(1,164)	
Legislative	14,000	18,000	17,436	564	
Judicial	1,500	1,500	1,500	-	
Elections	1,500	1,300	1,252	48	
Capital Outlay	=	-	17,649	(17,649)	
Creede/Mineral County Visitor's Cent∈	-	-	64,190	(64,190)	
Miscellaneous	11,500	10,500	9,232	1,268	
Total General Government	127,171	130,162	213,144	(82,982)	
Public Safety					
Law Enforcement Contract	35,000	36,048	36,050	(2)	
Miscellaneous	, -	-	-	-	
Total Public Safety	35,000	36,048	36,050	(2)	
Public Works					
Salaries	36,664	35,000	34,592	408	
Fringe Benefits	4,000	7,820	8,024	(204)	
Operating Expenses	8,000	1,500	1,513	(13)	
Streets Repairs and Maintenance	20,000	15,000	15,970	(970)	
Equipment Repairs and Maintenance	7,000	2,000	1,011	989	
Utilities	13,500	19,000	17,966	1,034	
Insurance and Bonds	6,000	5,000	3,962	1,038	
Miscellaneous	10,000	7,000	-,	7,000	
Total Public Works	105,164	92,320	83,038	9,282	
Culture and Recreation					
Ball Park	3,000	3,000	8,912	(5,912)	
Donations	27,385	29,000	27,239	1,761	
Fish Hatchery	1,500	1,000	3,660	(2,660)	
Recreation	40,000	15,000	28,346	(13,346)	
Total Culture and Recreation	71,885	48,000	68,157	(20,157)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	339,220	306,530	400,389	(93,859)	
TO TAL LAPENDITURES	333,220	300,330	+00,003	(30,008)	

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budg	jeted		Variance Favorable		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditure	6,080	136,118	32,076	(104,042)		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	221,942	221,942	221,942			
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 228,022	\$ 358,060	\$ 254,018	\$ (104,042)		

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Bud	geted		Variance Favorable
	Original	Final	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Sales Tax	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 79,833	<u>\$</u> 4,833
Total Taxes	75,000	75,000	79,833	4,833
Other Revenue				
Interest Income			6,613	6,613
Total Other Revenue			6,613	6,613
TOTAL REVENUES	75,000	75,000	86,446	11,446_
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay	150,000	186,000	185,237	763
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	150,000	186,000	185,237	763_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(75,000)	(111,000)	(98,791)	12,209
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Grants	50,000	-	2,445	2,445
Transfers from Other Funds	41,000	40,000	41,000	1,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	91,000	40,000	43,445	3,445
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures and Other Sources (Uses)	16,000	(71,000)	(55,346)	15,654
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	415,799	415,799	415,800	1
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 431,799	\$ 344,799	\$ 360,454	\$ 15,655

CITY OF CREED, COLORADO STATEMENT FO REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

VIRGINIA G. CHRISTENSEN FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted Original Final				Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES				_				
Interest Income	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	141,013	\$	41,013
Net Increase (Decrease) in Investment		1,000			(1,032,330)		(1,032,330)
TOTAL REVENUES		101,000		100,000		(891,317)		(991,317)
EXPENDITURES Culture and Recreation								
Distributions		60,000		60,000		74,624		(14,624)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		60,000		60,000		74,624		(14,624)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditure		41,000		40,000		(965,941)		(1,005,941)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer to Other Funds TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURES (USES)		(41,000) (41,000)	_	(40,000) (40,000)	_	(41,000) (41,000)		(1,000) (1,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other sources (uses)		-		-	(1,006,941)		(1,006,941)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		4,404,920		4,404,920	_	4,404,920		-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 4	4,404,920	\$	4,404,920	\$	3,397,979	\$	(1,006,941)

CITY OF CREED, COLORADO STATEMENT FO REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CONSERVATION TRUST FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted Original Final				Natural	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
	Original Final			Actual	(Unta	vorable)		
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	•	0.000	•	0.000	•	4.045	•	4.045
State Lottery	_\$_	3,800		3,000	<u>\$</u>	4,315		1,315
TOTAL REVENUES		3,800		3,000		4,315		1,315
Other Revenue								
Interest Income				-		33		33_
Total Other Income				-		33		33
Total Revenues		3,800		3,000		4,348		1,348
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and Recreation								
Park Maintenance		3,750		3,979		3,979		-
Park Salaries		-		-		-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,750		3,979		3,979		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		50		(979)		369		1,348
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer to Other Funds		-		-		-		_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURES (USES)								-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures and other sources (uses)		50		(979)		369		1,348
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		4,190		4,190		4,189		(1)
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,240	\$	3,211	\$	4,558	\$	1,347

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WATER AND SEWER

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

					Variance	
		ıdgeted			Favorable	
	Original	Fina	<u> </u>	ctual	(Unfavorable)	
Operating Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 212,800		19,150 \$	223,287	\$ 4,137	
Total Operating Revenues	212,800	21	19,150	223,287	4,137	
Operating Expenses						
Personnel Services	75,822	8	30,123	80,207	(84	
Materials and Supplies	15,000	1	12,000	13,803	(1,803	
Testing Fees	4,000		4,000	3,540	460	
Professional Services	15,000	1	16,000	18,058	(2,058	
Repairs	5,000		3,500	2,851	649	
Utilities	35,000	4	10,180	40,742	(562	
Insurance	5,000		4,000	3,958	42	
Depreciation	58,000	5	58,000	66,614	(8,614	
Capital Improvements	1,000,000		8,000	8,987	(987	
Other Expenses	12,000	1	10,000	5,910	4,090	
Total Operating Expenses	1,224,822	23	35,803	244,670	(8,867	
Operating income (loss)	(1,012,022)	(1	(6,653)	(21,383)	(4,730	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest Income	-		-	547	547	
Grants	1,000,000		-	-		
Interest Expense	(5,500)		(5,033)	(5,033)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	994,500		(5,033)	(4,486)	547	
Income Before Other Revenue	(17,522)	(2	21,686)	(25,869)	(4,183	
Capital Contributions	26,000	2	20,000	20,000		
Net Income (Loss)-Budgetary Basis	8,478		(1,686)	(5,869)	(4,183	
Net Assets-Beginning Balance	1,461,904	1,46	61,90 4 1	,461,904	-	
Prior Period Adjustment				14,059	14,059	
Net Assets-Ending Balance	\$ 1,470,382	\$ 1,46	<u>\$0,218</u> \$ 1	,470,094	\$ 9,876	

CITY OF CREEDE, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS BUDGET AND ACTUAL

TRASH FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budg	geted		Variance Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Operating Revenue				
Charges for Services	\$ 42,000	\$ 40,900	\$ 41,798	\$ 898
Total Operating Revenues	42,000	40,900	41,798	898
Operating Expenses				
Personnel Services	1,944	1,944	1,940	4
Garbage Collection Expense	39,500	38,070	38,160	(90)
Miscellaneous Expense	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Expenses	41,444	40,014	40,100	(86)
Excess Revenues				
over Expenses	556	886	1,698	812
Net Assets-Beginning Balance	61,018	61,018	61,018	-
Prior Period Adjustment			4,284	4,284
Net Assets-Ending Balance	\$ 61,574	\$ 61,904	\$ 67,000	\$ 5,096

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev. 1-05)

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE

(Next Page)

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT

STATE: Colorado YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2008

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	THE M	AMOUNT	
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:		
 a. Property Taxes and Assessments 	0	a. Interest on investments	0	
b. Other local imposts:	P (45,078)	b. Traffic Fines & Penalities	0	
1. Sales Taxes	0	c. Parking Garage Fees	0	
Infrastructure & Impact Fees	0	d. Parking Meter Fees	0	
3. Liens	0.	e. Sale of Surplus Property	1	
4. Licenses	0	f. Charges for Services	0	
Specific Ownership &/or Other	6,000	g. Other Misc. Receipts	T T	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	6,000	h. Other	0	
c. Total (a. + b.)	6,000	i. Total (a. through h.)	0	
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)	

ITEM	AMOUNT	AMOUNT ITEM	
C. Receipts from State Government	487 T. 1885	D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	18,000	L. FHWA (from Item LD.5.)	SCORE BETT
State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	0
 a. State bond proceeds 		b. FEMA	0
 b. Project Match 		c. HUD	0
e. Motor Vehicle Registrations	2,100	d. Federal Transit Admin	0
d. Other (Specify)	0	e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	0
e. Other (Specify)	0	f. Other Federal	Ú
f. Total (a. through e.)	2,100	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	20,100	3. Total (1. ÷ 2.g)	
CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF THE	104000000000000000000000000000000000000		(Carry forward to page 1)

HI. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a)	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	TOTAL (c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs	0	0	0
b. Engineering Costs	0	0	0
c. Construction:	PROPERTY.	· 基础 ·	20.000
(1). New Facilities	0	0	0
(2). Capacity Improvements	0	0	0
(3). System Preservation	0	0	0
(4). System Enhancement & Operation	0	147,876	147,876
(5). Total Construction (1) + (2) + (3) + (4)	0	147,876	147,876
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	147,876	147,876
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments: